Financial Statements With Supplemental Information June 30, 2020

June 30, 2020

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#### Independent Auditor's Report

To the Board of Education Lakewood Public Schools

#### Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lakewood Public Schools, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

## Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Lakewood Public Schools, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### Other Matters

# Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Lakewood Public Schools' basic financial statements. The additional supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, and schedule of expenditures of federal awards as required by the U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200 *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) are presented for purpose of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The other supplementary information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

CPA LLC

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated October 21, 2020 on my consideration of the Lakewood Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Lakewood Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Steven R. Thompson, CPA LLC Certified Public Accountant

Saranac, Michigan October 21, 2020

# Management's Discussion and Analysis

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2020

This section of the Lakewood Public Schools' annual financial report represent our discussion and analysis of the School District's financial performance and is intended to assist the reader in focusing on significant financial issues, provide an overview of the District's financial activity, identify changes in the District's financial position and its ability to address the next and subsequent year challenges. This is a requirement of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34) "Basic Financial Statements – and Managements Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments" and is intended to provide the financial results for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020.

#### **Using this Annual Report**

This annual report consists of a series of financial statements and notes to those statements. These statements are organized so the reader can understand Lakewood Public School District financially as a whole. The *Government-wide Financial Statements* provide information about the activities of the whole School District, presenting both an aggregate view of the School District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. The fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental activities, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements look at the School District's operations in more detail than the government-wide financial statements by providing information about the School District's most significant fund - the General Fund - with all other funds presented in one column as nonmajor funds. The remaining statement, the Statement of Fiduciary Net Position presents financial information about activities for which the School District acts solely as an agent for the benefit of students and parents. The annual report is organized as follows:

Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A) (Required Supplemental Information)

#### **Basic Financial Statements**

Government-wide Financial Statements

Fund Financial Statement

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements (Required Supplemental Information) Budgetary Information for Major Funds

## Reporting the School District as a Whole - Government-wide Financial Statements

One of the most important questions asked about the School District is, "Is the School District as a whole better off or worse off financially as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, which appear first in the School District's financial statements, report information on the School District as a whole and its activities in a way that helps you answer this question. We prepare these statements to include *all* assets and liabilities, using the *accrual basis of accounting*, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the School District's net position - the difference between assets and liabilities, as reported in the Statement of Net Position - as one way to measure the School District's financial health, or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the School District's net position - as reported in the Statement of Activities - are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses is the School District's operating results. However, the School District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities do. One must consider many other nonfinancial factors, such as the quality of the education provided and the safety of the schools to assess the overall health of the School District.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities report the governmental activities for the School District, which encompass all of the School District's services, including instruction, supporting services, athletics, and food services. Property taxes, unrestricted State Aid (foundation allowance revenue), and State and federal grants finance most of these activities.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2020

#### Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds – Fund Financial Statements

The School District's fund financial statements provide detailed information about the most *significant funds* - not the School District as a whole. Some funds are required to be established by State law and by bond covenants. However, the School District establishes many other funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes (like the Food Service Fund) or to show that it's meeting legal responsibilities for using certain taxes, grants, and other money. The governmental funds of the School District use the following accounting approach:

Governmental funds - All of the School District's services are reported in governmental funds. Governmental fund reporting focuses on showing how money flows into and out of funds and the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. They are reported using an accounting method called *modified accrual* accounting, which measures cash and all other *financial* assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed *short-term view* of the operations of the School District and the services it provides. Governmental fund information helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the School District's programs. We describe the relationship (or differences) between governmental *activities* (reported in the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental *funds in a* reconciliation.

#### The School District as Trustee - Reporting the School District's Fiduciary Responsibilities

The School District is the trustee, or *fiduciary* for its student activity funds and the scholarship fund. All of the School District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position. We exclude these activities from the School District's other financial statements because the School District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The School District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

#### The School District as a Whole

The Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the School District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the School District's net position as of June 30, 2020 and 2019:

Table 1:

#### **Net Position Summary**

	Governmental Activities					
		2020		2019		
Current and other assets	\$	7,088,425	\$	6,314,871		
Capital assets		32,902,105		31,487,436		
Total assets		39,990,530		37,802,307		
Deferred outflows of resources		10,964,273		10,682,445		
Current and other liabilities		4,819,715		4,494,656		
Long-term liabilities		65,933,236		63,330,512		
Total liabilities		70,752,951		67,825,168		
Deferred Inflows of Resources		5,222,384		5,643,209		
Net position						
Net invested in capital assets		2,955,450		2,123,186		
Restricted		1,197,700		741,221		
Unrestricted		(29,173,682)		(27,848,032)		
Total net position	\$	(25,020,532)	\$	(24,983,625)		

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2020

The above analysis focuses on the net position (see Table 1). The change in net position (see Table 2) of the School District's governmental activities is discussed below. The School District's net position was \$(25,020,532) at June 30, 2020. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt totaling \$(2,955,450) compares the original cost, less depreciation of the School District's capital assets to long-term debt, used to finance the acquisition of those assets. Most of the debt will be repaid from voter-approved property taxes collected as the debt service comes due. Restricted net position of \$1,197,700 is reported separately to show legal constraints from debt covenants and enabling legislation that limit the School District's ability to use those assets for day-to-day operations. The remaining amount of net position, \$(29,173,682), was unrestricted.

The \$(29,173,682) in unrestricted net position of governmental activities represents the *accumulated* results of all past years' operations. The operating results of the General Fund will have a significant impact on the change in unrestricted net position from year to year.

The results of this year's operations for the School District as a whole are reported in the Statement of Activities (Table 2), which shows the changes in net position for fiscal year 2020 and 2019.

Table 2:

#### **Statement of Activities Summary**

	Governmental Activities				
		2020		2019	
Revenues					
Program revenues					
Charges for services	\$	438,365	\$	458,048	
Grants and categoricals		4,061,949		3,633,197	
General Revenues					
Property taxes		5,109,371		4,923,860	
State foundation allowance		12,282,547		12,010,197	
Other general revenues		228,114		280,723	
Total revenues		22,120,346		21,306,025	
Functions/Program Expenses					
Instruction		11,353,133		10,530,886	
Support services		7,783,614		7,039,642	
Food service		840,195		704,856	
Interest on long-term debt		1,240,065		1,248,219	
Depreciation (unallocated)		940,246		1,045,257	
Total expenses		22,157,253		20,568,860	
Increase (decrease) in net position					
before special item	\$	(36,907)	\$	737,165	

As reported in the Statement of Activities, the cost of all of our *governmental* activities this year was \$22,157,253. Certain activities were partially funded from those who benefited from the program (\$438,365) or by governments and organizations that subsidized certain programs with grants and categoricals (\$4,061,949). We paid for the remaining "public benefit" portion of our governmental activities with \$5,109,371 in taxes, \$12,282,547 in state aid, and with our other revenues, like interest and general entitlements.

The School District experienced a decrease in net position of \$36,907. This was due to increasing expenditures in excess of increasing revenues as well as a reduction in State Aid due to COVID-19. The decrease in net position differs from the change in fund balance and a reconciliation appears in the financial statements.

Management's Discussion and Analysis
June 30, 2020

As discussed above, the net cost shows the financial burden that was placed on the State and the School District's taxpayers by each of these functions. Since property taxes for operations and unrestricted State aid constitute the vast majority of School District operating revenue sources, the Board of Education and Administration must annually evaluate the needs of the School District and balance those needs with State-prescribed available unrestricted resources.

#### The School District's Funds

As we noted earlier, the School District uses funds to help it control and manage money for particular purposes. Looking at funds helps you consider whether the School District is being accountable for the resources taxpayers and others provide to it but may also give you more insight into the School District's overall financial health.

As the School District completed this year, our governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$4,464,408, which is an increase of \$582,408 from last year. The primary reasons for these are:

Our general fund is our principal operating fund. The fund balance in the general fund increased \$90,128 to \$2,989,910.

Our special revenue fund showed a net increase of approximately \$42,470.

The debt service funds showed an increase of approximately \$420,702. No payments were made to reduce the balance owed the State's SLRF program

The Capital Projects Fund had completed an energy project and increased fund balance by \$29,108.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the School District revises its budget as it attempts to deal with unexpected changes in revenues and expenditures. State law requires that the budget be amended to ensure that expenditures do not exceed appropriations. There were revisions made during the 2019/2020 school year to the original budget. (A schedule showing the School District's original and final budget amounts compared with amounts actually paid and received is provided in our annual report).

The first revision is completed after the fall enrollment counts are finalized and audited by the intermediate school district. The other revisions are made later in the year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2020

## **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

#### Capital Assets

At June 30, 2020, the School District had approximately \$32.9 million invested in a broad range of capital assets, including land, buildings, furniture and equipment. This amount represents a net increase (including additions, deductions and depreciation) of \$1,414,669 or 4.49%, from last year.

#### Capital Assets at Year-end

	June 30						
		2020	2019				
Land	\$	258,159	\$	258,159			
Construction in progress		35,608		0			
Buildings		31,556,393		30,367,060			
Buses and other vehicles		778,269		444,550			
Furniture and equipment		273,676		417,667			
Total capital assets	\$	32,902,105	\$	31,487,436			

#### Debt

At the end of this year, the School District had \$27,540,000 in bonds outstanding versus \$27,270,000 last year – a net increase of \$270,000. Those bonds consisted of:

Outstanding Debt at Year-end						
		Ju	ne 30, 2020	-	June 30, 201	
General obligation bonds		\$	27,540,000		\$	27,270,000

The School District's general obligation bond rating continues equivalent to the State's credit rating. The state limits the amount of general obligation debt that schools can issue to 15 percent of the assessed value of all taxable property within the School District's boundaries. If the School District issues "qualified debt," i.e. debt backed by the State of Michigan, such obligations are not subject to this debt limit. The School District's outstanding general obligation debt of \$27,540,000 is significantly below the statutory imposed limit. Other obligations include equipment notes and capital leases.

The borrowings and accrued interest owed to the School Loan Revolving Fund increased \$29,423 during the year.

We present more detailed information about our long-term liabilities in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

Our elected officials and administration consider many factors when setting the School District's 2020-2021 fiscal year budget and tax rates. One of the most important factors affecting the budget is our student count. The state foundation revenue is determined by multiplying the blended student count by the foundation allowance per pupil. The 2020-2021 budget was adopted in June 2020, based on an estimate of students that will be enrolled in September 2020. Approximately 90% of total general fund revenue is from the Foundation Allowance.

Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2020

Under State law, the School District cannot access additional property tax revenue for general operations. As a result, the district funding is heavily dependent on the State's ability to fund local school operations. Based on early enrollment data, we anticipate that the fall student count will be lower than the currently approved 2020-2021 budget and will require a budget amendment after the count is final.

Since the School District's revenue is heavily dependent on State funding and the health of the State's School Aid Fund, the actual revenue received depends on the State's ability to collect revenues to fund its appropriation to school districts. The State's budget has increased the foundation allowance in its budget for the upcoming year. Various state legislation has been enacted in an attempt to lessen the local burden for retirement and insurances costs.

The district experienced unprecedented disruption to operations due to COVID-19. For the year ended June 30, 2020, State Aid Foundation payments were reduced for the year in the amount of \$313,688. The uncertainty surrounding COVID-19 could continue to have an impact on the school district. Next year's budget is based on the best information known at the time of adoption, but amendments and changes may be necessary to reflect the changes to operation and cash flows as the next year progresses. The District will make adjustments to the budget and operations as more information becomes available.

# **Contacting the School District's Financial Management**

This financial report is designed to provide the School District's citizens, taxpayers, customers, and investors and creditors with a general overview of the School District's finances and to demonstrate the School District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Office of the Superintendent, 223 W. Broadway, Woodland, Michigan 48897.

# **Government-Wide Financial Statements**

Statement of Net Position June 30, 2020

	Governmental <u>Activities</u>
Assets	
Current Assets	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 4,124,711
Accounts Receivable	103,970
Due from other governments	2,837,234
Inventory	15,755
Prepaid Expense	6,755
Total Current Assets	7,088,425
Non Current Assets	
Capital Assets	57,270,202
Less: Accumulated Depreciation	(24,368,097)
Net Capital Assets	32,902,105
Total Assets	39,990,530
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
Deferred Pension outflows	8,798,246
Deferred OPEB outflows	2,166,027
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	10,964,273
Liabilities	
Current Liabilities	
Accounts Payable	1,007,132
Due to other governments	47,990
Accrued Payroll and other liabilities	1,334,115
Accrued expenses	213,090
Unearned Revenue	234,780
Compensated Absences, due within one year	31,146
Long-term liabilities due within one year	
Bonds Payable- due within one year	1,850,000
Other obligations, due within one year	101,462
Total current liabilities	4,819,715
Noncurrent Liabilities	
Bonds Payable-due in more than one year	26,816,259
Other obligations, due in more than one year	1,212,977
Net pension liability	31,148,205
Net OPEB liability	6,755,795
Total noncurrent liabilities	65,933,236
Total Liabilities	70,752,951
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred pension inflows	1,508,416
State aid funding for pensions	1,037,397
Deferred OPEB inflows	2,676,571
Total deferred inflows of resources	5,222,384
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	2,955,450
Restricted for:	
Food service	279,527
Debt service	918,173
Unrestricted	(29,173,682)
Total Net Position	\$ (25,020,532)

Statement of Activities
For the year ended June 30, 2020

		Expenses	Program Revenues  Charges for Operating Grants/ Service Contributions			Governmental Activities Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets		
Functions/Programs								
Governmental activies: Instruction Support Services Food Service Interest on Long- Term Debt Depreciation (unallocated)  Total governmental activities	\$	11,353,133 7,783,614 840,195 1,240,065 940,246	\$	0 217,450 220,915 0 0	\$	3,258,431 154,823 648,695 0 0	\$	(8,094,702) (7,411,341) 29,415 (1,240,065) (940,246) (17,656,939)
General revenues:  Taxes  Property taxes, levied for general purpose Property taxes, levied for debt service State aid not restricted to specific purposes Interest and investment earnings Other								1,759,473 3,349,898 12,282,547 48,336 179,778
			Total	general re	venues	5		17,620,032
	Changes in Net Position  Net position-Beginning of year						(36,907)	
	Net position-End of year						\$	(25,020,532)

# **Fund Financial Statements**

Governmental Funds Balance Sheet June 30, 2020

									Total
			2015	Capital Other		Go	overnmental		
	General		Debt Fund		Projects	Non-	Major Funds		Funds
Assets									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 2,412,87		\$ 911,557	\$	463,897	\$	336,381	\$	4,124,711
Accounts receivable	103,97		0		0		0		103,970
Due from other funds	270,95		20,762		0		238,578		530,291
Due from other governments	2,837,23		0		0		0		2,837,234
Inventory	5,81		0		0		9,941		15,755
Prepaid expenses	6,75	<u>5</u> _	0		0	-	0		6,755
Total assets	\$ 5,637,60	0_5	\$ 932,319	\$	463,897	\$	584,900	\$	7,618,716
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ 832,74	5 \$	5 0	\$	174,339	\$	48	\$	1,007,132
Salaries and withholdings payable	1,334,11	5	0		0		0		1,334,115
Due to other funds	219,66	0	29,050		225,850		55,731		530,291
Due to other governmental units	47,99	0	0		0		0		47,990
Unearned revenue	213,18	<u>0</u> _	0		0		21,600		234,780
Total Liabilities	2,647,69	0	29,050		400,189		77,379		3,154,308
Fund Equity									
Fund balance									
Non-spendable for:									
Inventory	5,81	4	0		0		9,941		15,755
Prepaid expenses	6,75	5	0		0		0		6,755
Restricted for:									
Food service		0	0		0		269,586		269,586
Debt service		0	903,269		0		227,994		1,131,263
Capital Projects	250,41	5	0		63,708		0		314,123
Assigned	1,442,22	3	0		0		0		1,442,223
Unassigned	1,284,70	3	0		0		0		1,284,703
Total fund equity	2,989,91	<u> </u>	903,269		63,708		507,521		4,464,408
Total liabilities and									
fund equity	\$ 5,637,60	\$	932,319	\$	463,897	\$	584,900	\$	7,618,716

Governmental Funds
Reconciliation of Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Net Position
June 30, 2020

Total Fund Balances- Governmental Funds		\$	4,464,408
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net assets are different because:			
Deferred outflows of resources - related to pensions Deferred outflows of resources - related to OPEB Deferred inflows of resources - related to pensions Deferred inflows of resources - related to state pension functions Deferred inflows of resources - related to OPEB expenditure	_		8,798,246 2,166,027 (1,508,416) (1,037,397) (2,676,571)
Capital assets used in government activities are not financial resources, and are not reported in the funds			
Capital assets cost: Accumulated depreciation: Net Capital Assets	\$	57,270,202 (24,368,097)	32,902,105
Long term and other liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds			
Notes Payable Bonds Payable Net Pension Liability Net OPEB Liability School Loan Revolving Fund Compensated Absences Accrued expenses		(373,289) (28,666,259) (31,148,205) (6,755,795) (941,150) (31,146) (213,090)	(68,128,934)
Deferred inflows regarding pension plan net of amortization			(00,120,994)
Net position of governmental activities		\$	(25,020,532)

Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances For the year ended June 30, 2020

Revenues	General	2015 Debt	Capital Projects	Nonmajor Governmental Funds	Totals
Local sources	\$ 2,002,784	\$ 2,157,283	\$ 17,484	\$ 1,418,521	\$ 5,596,072
State sources	15,217,745	41,046	0	54,004	15,312,795
Federal sources	400,560	0	0	617,906	1,018,466
Other	179,778	0	0	0	179,778
Total revenues	17,800,867	2,198,329	17,484	2,090,431	22,107,111
Expenditures					
Instruction					
Basic Programs	8,091,979	0	0	0	8,091,979
Added needs	2,429,083	0	0	0	2,429,083
Support services	-,,	_	-	•	_,,,
Pupil	704,891	0	0	0	704,891
Instructional staff	296,845	0	0	0	296,845
General administration	653,859	0	0	0	653,859
School administration	1,132,403	0	0	0	1,132,403
Business and central services	4,322,842	0	0	0	4,322,842
Athletics	384,414	0	0	0	384,414
Food Service	0	0	0	765,041	765,041
Community services	0	0	0	00,041	703,041
Other transactions	18.001	0	62,902	0	80.903
Capital Outlay	0,001	. 0	2,040,899	0	2,040,899
Debt Services	U	U	2,040,099	U	2,040,033
Redemption of Bonds/Notes	73,072	770,000	0	995,000	1,838,072
Interest and Fiscal Charges	1,686	1,167,981	0	104,630	400 g (00 ) 100 p (40 g (0) p (60 g (0) p
interest and riscal Charges	1,000	1,107,901		104,630	1,274,297
Total expenditures	18,109,075	1,937,981	2,103,801	1,864,671	24,015,528
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over expenditures	(308,208)	260,348	(2,086,317)	225,760	(1,908,417)
·		10°19662 50°1 <b>2</b> 000 10°10		591 SD#/2004-0# 40 - E01404-0	(
Other financing sources (uses)					
Premium on bond	0	0	120,105	0	120,105
Loan/bond proceeds	335,720	0	2,035,000	0	2,370,720
Payment to escrow agent	0	0	0	0	0
Operating transfers in	62,616	0	0	0	62,616
Operating transfers out	0	0	(39,680)	(22,936)	(62,616)
Total other financing sources (uses)	398,336	0	2,115,425	(22,936)	2,490,825
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over					
expenditures and other sources (uses)	90,128	260,348	29,108	202,824	582,408
Fund balances at beginning of year	2,899,782	642,921	34,600	304,697	3,882,000
Fund balances at end of year	\$ 2,989,910	\$ 903,269	\$ 63,708	\$ 507,521	\$ 4,464,408

Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to Statement of Activities For the year ended June 30, 2020

Net Change in Fund Balances- Total Governmental funds	\$ 582,408
Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Governmental funds reported capital outlays as expenditures; in the statement of activities, these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as deprecation.	
Depreciation Expense Capital outlay	(1,121,345) 2,536,014
Proceeds and repayment of principal on long term debt are other financing sources and expenditures in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where they are additions and reductions of liabilities)	
Principal repayment	1,838,072
Long-term debt proceeds are recorded as revenue in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where it increases long-term debt)	(2,370,720)
Some expenses are not recorded in the funds, but are accrued and recorded in the statement of activities:	
Change in accrued interest Amortization of bond premiums Change in accrued compensated absences Pension expense related items	(36,117) 70,349 (13,829) (1,900,354)
Restricted revenue that is deferred to offset deferred outflows related to Sec 147c pension contributions subsequent to the measurement period State aid funding for pensions	13,235
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 83,198

Fiduciary Funds Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets June 30, 2020

	_	ency Funds- dent Activities
Assets		
Cash and Cash Equivalents	_\$	286,091
Total Assets	\$	286,091
Liabilities		
Due to Student groups	\$	286,091
Total Liabilities	\$	286,091

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

#### Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of Lakewood Public Schools conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental units. The following is a summary of the significant accounting policies used by the School District.

#### Reporting Entity

The School District is governed by an elected Board of Education. The accompanying financial statements have been prepared in accordance with criteria established by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board for determining the various governmental organizations to be included in the reporting entity. These criteria include significant operational financial relationships that determine which of the governmental organizations are a part of the School Districts' reporting entity, and which organizations are legally separate, component units of the school district. Based on the application of the criteria, the district does not contain any component units.

#### Governmental-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

The governmental-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of changes in net position) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. All the district's government wide activities are considered governmental activities.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenue includes (1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function and (2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Taxes, intergovernmental payments, and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenue.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Governmental-Wide Statements – The governmental-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenue in the year for which they are levied. Grants, categorical aid and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

# Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

The District generally utilizes restricted resources first to finance qualifying activities.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

The District does not allocate indirect costs.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Fund Based Statements – Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenue is recognized as soon as it is both measurable and available. Revenue is considered to be available if it is collected within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and severance pay, are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, unrestricted state aid, intergovernmental grants, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenue of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be available only when cash is received by the government.

The fiduciary fund statement is also reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting.

The School District reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the School District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the district, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

Capital Projects funds are used to account for the construction of fixed assets.

The 2015 Debt fund accounts for the 2015 debt activity.

The Government reports the following nonmajor fund types:

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.

The School Service Funds are Special Revenue Funds that segregate, for administrative purposes, the transactions of a particular activity from regular revenue and expenditure accounts. The School District maintains full control of these funds. The School Service Fund maintained by the School District is the Food Services Fund.

Debt Retirement Funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

Fiduciary Funds are used to account for assets held by the School District in a trustee capacity or as an agent. Fiduciary Fund net position and results of operations are not included in government-wide statements. Agency Funds are custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and do not involve measurement of results of operations.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

## Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

The School District presently maintains a Student Activities Fund to record the transactions of student and parent groups for school and school-related purposes. The funds are segregated and held in trust for the students and parents.

# Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position or Equity

**Deposits and Investments** – Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments. Investments are stated at fair value.

Receivables and Payables – In general, outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Activities between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "advances to/from other funds."

Property tax and other trade receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes assessed as of December 31 and the related property taxes are levied and become a lien on December 1. These taxes are billed on December 1st and are due February 15th. The final collection date is February 28, after which uncollected taxes are added to the County delinquent tax rolls.

The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation allowance approach, which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per student based on a state-wide formula. The foundation allowance is funded from a combination of state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The state portion of the foundation is provided from the state's School Aid Fund and is recognized as revenue in accordance with state law and accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

The District also receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Certain categorical funds require an accounting to the state of the expenditures incurred. For categorical funds meeting this requirement, funds received, which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as deferred revenue. Other categorical funding is recognized when the appropriation is received.

Inventories and Prepaid Items – Inventories are valued at cost, on a first-in, first-out basis. Inventories of governmental funds are recorded as expenditures when consumed rather than when purchased. United States Department of Agriculture Commodities inventory received by the Food Service Fund are recorded as revenue and expensed when received. Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future fiscal years and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Notes to Financial Statements
June 30, 2020

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Capital Assets – capital assets, which include land, buildings, equipment, and vehicles, are reported in the applicable governmental column in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. Cost of normal repair and maintenance that do not add to the value or materially extend asset life are not capitalized. The school district does not have infrastructure type assets.

Buildings, equipments, and vehicles are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following useful lives:

Buildings and additions 20-50 years
Buses and other vehicles 5-10 years
Furniture and other equipment 5-20 years

**Deferred Outflows** - In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/ expenditure) until then. The District has two items that qualify for reporting in this category. They are the deferred charge on pension and other postemployment benefits related items reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. A deferred outflow is recognized for pension and other postemployment benefit related items. These amounts are expensed in the plan year in which they apply.

**Deferred Inflows** - In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The District has three items that qualifies for reporting in this category. The first is restricted section 147c state aid deferred to offset deferred outflows related to section 147c pension and other postemployment benefit contributions subsequent to the measurement period. The second and third items are future resources yet to be recognized in relation to the pension and other postemployment benefit actuarial calculation. These future resources arise from differences in the estimates used by the actuary to calculate the pension and other postemployment benefit liability and the actual results. The amounts are amortized over a period determined by the actuary.

**Defined Benefit Plans -** For purposes of measuring the net pension and other postemployment benefit liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and other postemployment benefits, and pension and other postemployment benefits expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Michigan Public Employees Retirement System (MPSERS) and additions to/deductions from MPSERS fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by MPSERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

# Note 1 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Long-Term Obligations** – In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the statement of net position.

**Compensated Absences** – The liability for compensated absences reported in the district-wide financial statements consist of unpaid, accumulated vacation pay. This amount is allowed to be carried over for one year.

**Fund Equity** – In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance in the following categories:

Non-spendable – assets that are not available in a spendable form.

**Restricted** – amounts that are legally imposed or otherwise required by external parties to be used for a specific purpose.

**Committed** – amounts constrained on use imposed by the District's highest level of decision-making, its board of education. A fund balance commitment may be established, modified, or rescinded by a resolution of the board of education.

Assigned – amounts intended to be used for specific purposes, but do not rise to the level of committed. Assigned funds are normally temporary and do not require formal action to modify or unassign as required by committed funds. Residual amounts in governmental funds other than the general fund are automatically assigned by their nature. If the school district budgets the use of fund balance in the subsequent year, this amount is shown as assigned.

**Unassigned** – all other resources; the remaining fund balances after non-spendable, restrictions, commitments and assignments.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the District's policy is to consider restricted funds spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned amounts could be used, the District's policy is to consider the funds to be spent in the following order: 1) committed, 2) assigned, 3) unassigned.

**Comparative Data/Reclassifications** – Comparative data is not included in the District's financial statements.

**Use of Estimates-** The preparation of financial statements requires estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

**Budgetary Information** – Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles and state law for the general and special revenue funds. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year-end.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

# Note 2 - Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

The budget document presents information by fund and function. The legal level of budgetary control adopted by the governing body (i.e., the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed appropriations) is the function level. State law requires the district to have its budget in place by July 1. Expenditures in excess of amounts budgeted is a violation of Michigan Law. State law permits districts to amend its budgets during the year. The General Fund budget was amended several times during the year.

**Excess of Expenditures Over Appropriations in Budgeted Funds** – The school district had significant expenditure budget variances.

		Amount of					
	Final Budget	E	xpenditures	Variance			
General Fund							
Added needs	\$ 2,283,840	\$	2,429,083	\$	(145,243)		
Pupil	658,493		704,891		(46,398)		
School administration	1,093,706		1,132,403		(38,697)		
Transportation	1,852,664		1,888,347		(35,683)		
Other support services	390,484		461,529		(71,045)		
Athletics	345,157		384,414		(39,257)		
Food Service							
Salaries & wages	206,000		225,198		(19,198)		
Supplies & materials	313,250		361,111		(47,861)		
Employee benefits	108,120		111,304		(3,184)		
Operating transfers out	41,695		62,616		(20,921)		

# Note 3 - Deposits and Investments

As of June 30, 2020, the District had the following investments:

		Weighted			
		Average	Standard		
	Fair	Maturity	& Poor's	Portfolio	
Investment type	Value	(days)	Rating	%	
MILAF External Investment Pool-MIMAX	\$ 1,863,015	1	AAAm	100.00%	
Portfolio weighted average maturity		1			

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

#### Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the District will minimize interest rate risk, which is the risk that the market value of securities in the portfolio will fall due to changes in market interest rates, by; structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities in the open market; and, investing operating funds primarily in shorter-term securities, liquid asset funds, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools and limiting the average maturity in accordance with the District's cash requirements.

**Credit risk.** State law limits investments in commercial paper and corporate bonds to a prime or better rating issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations (NRSROs).

Concentration of credit risk. The District will minimize concentration of credit risk, which is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer, by diversifying the investment portfolio so that the impact of potential losses from any one type of security or issuer will be minimized.

**Custodial credit risk - deposits.** In the case of deposits, this is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the School District's deposits may not be returned to it. As of June 30, 2020, the School District's cash deposits (including \$429,219 in MILAF+ MAX Class) were \$2,711,373 of which \$2,459,138 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured.

**Custodial credit risk- investments.** For an investment, this is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The District will minimize custodial control credit risk, which is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer or backer, by; limiting investments to the types of securities allowed by law; and prequalifying the financial institutions, broker/dealers, intermediaries and advisors with which the District will do business.

Foreign currency risk. The School District is not authorized to invest in investments which have this type of risk.

**Fair value measurement** - The District is required to disclose amounts within a framework established for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1: Quoted prices in active markets for identical securities.

Level 2: Prices determined using other significant observable inputs. Observable inputs are inputs that other market participants may use in pricing a security. These may include prices for similar securities, interest rates, prepayment speeds, credit risk and others.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

# Note 3 - Deposits and Investments (Continued)

Level 3:

Prices determined using significant unobservable inputs. In situations where quoted prices or observable inputs are unavailable or deemed less relevant, unobservable inputs may be used. Unobservable inputs reflect the District's own assumptions about the factors market participants would use in pricing an investment and would be based on the best information available.

The asset or liability's fair value measurement level within the fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

At year-end, the school district had no investments subject to the fair value measurement. All liquid assets were located in deposit accounts.

Reconciliation of cash and investments:

Carrying value of deposits and investments:

Deposits (including Agency Funds of \$286,091)	\$ 2,547,787
Money market accounts	1,863,015
Total	\$ 4,410,802
The above amounts are reported in the financial statements as follows:	
Cash-Agency Fund	\$ 286,091
Cash and cash equivalents-District Wide	4,124,711
Total	\$ 4,410,802

#### Note 4 - Receivables

Receivables as of year-end for the School District's individual major funds and the non-major and fiduciary funds in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	General		Non-major and		
	Fund		und Other Funds		 Total
Receivables:					
Accounts receivable	\$	103,970	\$	0	\$ 103,970
Intergovernmental		2,837,234		0	2,837,234
Net Receivables	\$	2,941,204	\$	0	\$ 2,941,204

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

#### Note 4 – Receivables (Continued)

Governmental funds report unearned revenue in connection with receivables for revenue that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of unearned revenue are as follows:

Payments received prior to meeting all eligibility requirements: Unearned \$ 234,780

#### Note 5 - Capital Assets

Capital Asset activity of the School District's Governmental activities was as follows:

,	E	Balance			Dis	posals and	ļ	Balance
	July	01, 2019		Additions	Ad	justments	Jun	e 30, 2020
Assets not being depreciated:			100					
Land	\$	258,159	\$	0	\$	0	\$	258,159
Construction in progress		0		35,608		0		35,608
Subtotal		258,159		35,608		0		293,767
Capital assets being depreciated:								
Building and building improvements	45	5,620,743		2,040,899		0	4	7,661,642
Buses and other vehicles	•	1,103,563		410,720		268,664		1,245,619
Furniture and equipment	8	3,020,387		48,787		0		8,069,174
Subtotal	54	1,744,693		2,500,406		268,664	5	6,976,435
Accumulated depreciaton:								
Building and building improvements	15	5,253,683		851,566		0	10	6,105,249
Buses and other vehicles		659,013		77,001		268,664		467,350
Furniture and equipment	7	7,602,720		192,778		0		7,795,498
Subtotal	23	3,515,416		1,121,345		268,664	2	4,368,097
Net capital assets being depreciated	31	,229,277		1,379,061		0	32	2,608,338
Net capital assets	\$ 31	,487,436	\$	1,414,669	\$	0	\$32	2,902,105

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

# Note 5 - Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to activities of the school as follows:

#### Governmental Activities

Instruction	\$ 25,595
Support Services	136,944
Food Services	18,560
Unallocated	940,246
	\$ 1,121,345

#### Note 6 - Interfund Receivables, Payables, and Transfers

The composition of interfund balances is as follows:

Receivable fun	d	Payable Fund				
,						
General fund	186,170	Capital projects	186,170			
General fund	29,050	2015 Debt fund	29,050			
General fund	16,051	2012 Debt fund	16,051			
General fund	39,680	Energy bonds	39,680			
2015 Debt fund	20,762	General fund	20,762			
Food Service	186,652	General fund	186,652			
2012 Debt fund	12,246	General fund	12,246			
Energy Bond Debt fund	39,680	Capital projects	39,680			
	530,291		530,291			

#### Interfund Transfers:

		Transfer Out				
Transfer in:	General Fund		Food Service		Total	
Food Service-operations	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
General fund-administration		0		62,616		62,616
Total	\$	0	\$	62,616	\$	102,296

# Note 7 – Long-Term Debt

The School District issues bonds, notes, and other contractual commitments to provide for the acquisition and construction of major capital facilities and the acquisition of certain equipment. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the school district.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

#### Note 7 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

Long-term obligation activity can be summarized as follows:

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
	Balance	Additions	Reductions	Balance	One Year
Governmental Activities					
General Obligation Bonds	27,270,000	\$ 2,035,000	\$1,765,000	\$27,540,000	\$1,850,000
Direct Borrowings					
Capital lease	0	0	0	0	0
Note Payable	110,639	335,720	73,072	373,287	101,462
School Loan					
Revolving Fund	911,727	29,423	0	941,150	0
Total bonds and notes payable	\$28,292,366	\$ 2,400,143	\$1,838,072	\$28,854,437	\$1,951,462

The District's outstanding notes from direct borrowings related to governmental activities may contain provisions in which a default may be described as, (1) unable to make principal or interest payments (2) false or misrepresentation is made to the lender (3) become insolvent or make an assignment for the benefit of its creditors, or (4) if the lender at any time in good faith believes that the prospect of payment of any indebtedness is impaired. Upon the occurrence of any default event, the outstanding amounts, including accrued interest may become immediately due and payable.

Annual debt service requirements, to maturity for the above bond obligations, bus notes and capital leases are as follows:

	Notes from direct borrowings								
	General Obl	igati	on Bonds		and direct placements				
	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest		Total
\$	1,850,000	\$	1,229,632	\$	101,462	\$	9,012	\$	3,190,106
	1,910,000		1,165,482		65,422		6,904		3,147,808
	1,070,000		1,095,480		67,083		5,243		2,237,806
	1,145,000		1,044,382		68,787		3,539		2,261,708
	1,210,000		989,830		70,534		1,792		2,272,156
	7,240,000		4,004,106		0		0		11,244,106
	9,350,000		2,072,758		0		0		11,422,758
_	3,765,000	_	204,812		0		0		3,969,812
\$	27,540,000	\$	11,806,482	\$	373,289	\$	26,489	\$	39,746,260
	_	Principal  \$ 1,850,000 1,910,000 1,070,000 1,145,000 1,210,000 7,240,000 9,350,000 3,765,000	Principal  \$ 1,850,000 \$ 1,910,000 1,070,000 1,145,000 1,210,000 7,240,000 9,350,000 3,765,000	\$ 1,850,000 \$ 1,229,632 1,910,000 1,165,482 1,070,000 1,095,480 1,145,000 1,044,382 1,210,000 989,830 7,240,000 4,004,106 9,350,000 2,072,758 3,765,000 204,812	General Obligation Bonds           Principal         Interest           \$ 1,850,000         \$ 1,229,632           1,910,000         1,165,482           1,070,000         1,095,480           1,145,000         1,044,382           1,210,000         989,830           7,240,000         4,004,106           9,350,000         2,072,758           3,765,000         204,812	General Obligation Bonds         and direct           Principal         Interest         Principal           \$ 1,850,000         \$ 1,229,632         \$ 101,462           1,910,000         1,165,482         65,422           1,070,000         1,095,480         67,083           1,145,000         1,044,382         68,787           1,210,000         989,830         70,534           7,240,000         4,004,106         0           9,350,000         2,072,758         0           3,765,000         204,812         0	General Obligation Bonds         and direct place           Principal         Interest         Principal           \$ 1,850,000         \$ 1,229,632         \$ 101,462           \$ 1,910,000         1,165,482         65,422           1,070,000         1,095,480         67,083           1,145,000         1,044,382         68,787           1,210,000         989,830         70,534           7,240,000         4,004,106         0           9,350,000         2,072,758         0           3,765,000         204,812         0	General Obligation Bonds         and direct placements           Principal         Interest         Principal         Interest           \$ 1,850,000         \$ 1,229,632         \$ 101,462         \$ 9,012           1,910,000         1,165,482         65,422         6,904           1,070,000         1,095,480         67,083         5,243           1,145,000         1,044,382         68,787         3,539           1,210,000         989,830         70,534         1,792           7,240,000         4,004,106         0         0           9,350,000         2,072,758         0         0           3,765,000         204,812         0         0	General Obligation Bonds         and direct placements           Principal         Interest         Principal         Interest           \$ 1,850,000         \$ 1,229,632         \$ 101,462         \$ 9,012         \$ 1,910,000           \$ 1,910,000         \$ 1,070,000         \$ 65,422         6,904           \$ 1,070,000         \$ 1,095,480         67,083         5,243           \$ 1,145,000         \$ 1,044,382         68,787         3,539           \$ 1,210,000         \$ 989,830         \$ 70,534         1,792           \$ 7,240,000         \$ 4,004,106         0         0           \$ 9,350,000         \$ 2,072,758         0         0           \$ 3,765,000         \$ 204,812         0         0

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

#### Note 7 - Long-Term Debt (Continued)

#### **Governmental Activities:**

Long term debt consists of:

Long term debt consists of.	
General Obligation Bonds \$11,100,000 serial bonds due in annual installments of \$290,000 to \$1,235,000 through May 1, 2022; interest at 2.0% to 2.5%.	\$ 1,890,000
\$25,675,000 serial and term bonds due in annual installments of \$605,000 to \$1,885,000 through May 1, 2037; interest at 3.625% to 5.00%	23,615,000
\$2,035,000 serial bonds due in annual installments of \$65,000 to \$215,000 through May 1, 2035; interest at 2.00% to 3.00%	2,035,000
<u>Direct Borrowings</u> Note payable for two school buses totaling \$183,718. Annual payments of \$38,147 through 3/23/21 with 1.54% interest	37,569
Note payable for five school buses totaling \$335,720. Annual payments of \$72,326 through 7/30/2024 with 2.54% interest	335,720
School Loan Revolving Fund payable when the debt retirement fund has excess funds as determined by the State. Interest is determined each year by the State. The interest rate is 3.11836% at June 30, 2020.	
Accrued interest is \$34,043.	941,150
Total long-term debt	\$ 28,854,439

#### School Bond Loan Fund/School Loan Revolving Fund

Borrowing from the State of Michigan - The School Loan Revolving Fund payable represents notes payable to the State of Michigan for loans made to the school district, as authorized by the State of Michigan Constitution, for the purpose of paying principal and interest on general obligation bonds of the school district issued for capital expenditures. Interest rates are to be annually determined by the State Administrative Board. The interest rate at June 30, 2020 was 3.11836%. Repayment is required when the millage rate necessary to cover the annual bonded debt services falls below 7.0 mills. The school district is required to levy 7.0 mills and repay to the state any excess of the amount levied over the bonded debt service requirements. Currently the District levies 7.0 mills. Due to the variability of the factors that affect the timing of repayment, including the future amount of state-equalized value of property in the school district, no provision for repayment has been included in the above amortization schedule. The state may apply a default late charge on the note if the District does not make the repayments, or apply the default late charge if the District fails to levy the appropriate debt mills. The state may also withhold state aid payments if the District is in default.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

# Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Post Retirement Benefits

#### Plan Description

The Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (System or MPSERS) is a cost-sharing, multiple employer, state-wide, defined benefit public employee retirement plan governed by the State of Michigan (State) originally created under Public Act 136 of 1945, recodified and currently operating under the provisions of Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended. Section 25 of this act establishes the board's authority to promulgate or amend the provisions of the System. The board consists of twelve members eleven appointed by the Governor and the State Superintendent of Instruction, who serves as an exofficio member.

The System's pension plan was established by the State to provide retirement, survivor and disability benefits to public school employees. In addition, the System's health plan provides all retirees with option of receiving health, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage under the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement Act.

The System is administered by the Office of Retirement Services (ORS) within the Michigan Department of Technology, Management & Budget. The Department Director appoints the Office Director, with whom the general oversight of the System resides. The State Treasurer serves as the investment officer and custodian for the System.

The System's financial statements are available at www.michigan.gov/orsschools.

#### **Benefits Provided - Overall**

Participants are enrolled in one of multiple plans based on date of hire and certain voluntary elections. A summary of the plans offered by MPSERS is as follows:

Plan name	Plan Type	Plan status
Basic	Defined Benefit	Closed
Member Investment Plan (MIP)	Defined Benefit	Closed
Pension Plus	Hybrid	Closed
Pension Plus 2	Hybrid	Open
Defined Contribution	Defined Contribution	Open

#### **Benefits Provided - Pension**

Benefit provisions of the defined benefit pension plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions for the defined benefit (DB) pension plan. Retirement benefits for DB plan members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. DB members are eligible to receive a monthly benefit when they meet certain age and service requirements. The System also provides disability and survivor benefits to DB plan members.

Prior to Pension reform of 2010 there were two plans commonly referred to as Basic and the Member Investment Plan (MIP). Basic Plan member's contributions range from 0% - 4%. On January 1, 1987, the Member Investment Plan (MIP) was enacted. MIP members enrolled prior to January 1, 1990, contribute at a permanently fixed rate of 3.9% of gross wages. Members first hired January 1, 1990, or later including Pension Plus Plan members, contribute at various graduated permanently fixed contribution rates from 3.0% -7.0%.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

# Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Post Retirement Benefits (Continued)

# Pension Reform 2010

On May 19, 2010, the Governor signed Public Act 75 of 2010 into law. As a result, any member of the Michigan Public School Employees' Retirement System (MPSERS) who became a member of MPSERS after June 30, 2010 is a Pension Plus member. Pension Plus is a hybrid plan that contains a pension component with an employee contribution (graded, up to 6.4% of salary) and a flexible and transferable defined contribution (DC) tax-deferred investment account that earns an employer match of 50% (up to 1% of salary) on employee contributions. Retirement benefits for Pension Plus members are determined by final average compensation and years of service. Disability and survivor benefits are available to Pension Plus members.

#### Pension Reform 2012

On September 4, 2012, the Governor signed Public Act 300 of 2012 into law. The legislation grants all active members who first became a member before July 1, 2010 and who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their pension. Any changes to a member's pension are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under the reform, members voluntarily chose to increase, maintain, or stop their contributions to the pension fund.

An amount determined by the member's election of Option 1, 2, 3, or 4 described below.

<u>Option 1</u> – Members voluntarily elected to increase their contributions to the pension fund as noted below and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until terminate public school employment.

- Basic plan members: 4% contribution
- Member Investment Plan (MIP)-Fixed, MIP-Graded, and MIP-Plus members: a flat 7% contribution

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

#### Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Post Retirement Benefits (Continued)

Option 2 — Members voluntarily elected to increase their contribution to the pension fund as stated in Option 1 and retain the 1.5% pension factor in their pension formula. The increased contribution would begin as of their transition date and continue until they reach 30 years of service. If and when they reach 30 years of service, their contribution rates will return to the previous level in place as of the day before their transient date (0% for Basic plan members, 3.9% for MIP-Fixed, up to 4.3% for MIP-Graded, or up to 6.4% for MIP-Plus). The pension formula for any service their after would include a 1.25% pension factor.

Option 3 – Members voluntarily elected not to increase their contribution to the pension fund and maintain their current level of contribution to the pension fund. The pension formula for their years of service as of the day before their transition date will include a 1.5% pension factor. The pension formula for any service thereafter will include a 1.25% pension factor.

Option 4 — Members voluntarily elected to no longer contribute to the pension fund and therefore are switched to the Defined Contribution plan for future service as of their transition date. As a DC participant they receive a 4% employer contribution to the tax-deferred 401(k) account and can choose to contribute up to the maximum amounts permitted by the IRS to a 457 account. They vest in employer contributions and related earnings in their 401(k) account based on the following schedule: 50% at 2 years, 75% at 3 years, and 100% at 4 years of service. They are 100% vested in any personal contributions and related earnings in their 457 account. Upon retirement, if they meet age and service requirements (including their total years of service), they would also receive a pension (calculated based on years of service and final average compensation as of the day before their transition date and a 1.5% pension factor).

Members who did not make an election before the deadline defaulted to Option 3 as described above. Deferred or nonvested public school employees on September 3, 2012, who return to public school employment on or after September 4, 2012, will be considered as if they had elected Option 3 above. Returning members who made the retirement plan election will retain whichever option they chose.

Employees who first work on or after September 4, 2012 choose between two retirement plans: the Pension Plus Plan and a Defined Contribution that provides a 50% employer match up to 3% of salary on employee contributions.

<u>Final Average Compensation (FAC)</u> - Average of highest 60 consecutive months (36 months for MIP members). FAC is calculated as of the last day worked unless the member elected option 4, in which case the FAC is calculated at the Transition Date.

#### Pension Reform of 2017

On July 13, 2017, the Governor signed Public Act 92 of 2017 into law. The legislation closes the current hybrid plan (Pension Plus) to newly hired employees as of February 1, 2018 and creates a new optional revised hybrid plan with similar plan benefit calculations but containing a 50/50 cost share between the employee and the employer, including the cost of future unfunded liabilities. The assumed rate of return on the new hybrid plan is 6%. Further, the law provides that, under certain conditions, the new hybrid plan would close to new employees if the actuarial funded ratio falls below 85% for two consecutive years. The law includes other provisions to the retirement eligibility age, plan assumptions, and unfunded liability payment methods.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

#### Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Post Retirement Benefits (Continued)

#### Benefits Provided – Other postemployment benefit (OPEB)

Benefit provisions of the postemployment healthcare plan are established by State statute, which may be amended. Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, establishes eligibility and benefit provisions. Retirees have the option of health coverage, which, through 2012, was funded on a cash disbursement basis. Beginning fiscal year 2013, it is funded on a prefunded basis. The System has contracted to provide the comprehensive group medical, prescription drug, dental and vision coverage for retirees and beneficiaries. A subsidized portion of the premium is paid by the System with the balance deducted from the monthly pension of each retiree health care recipient. For members who first worked before July 1, 2008, (Basic, MIP-Fixed, and MIP-Graded plan members), the subsidy is the maximum allowed by statute. To limit future liabilities of Other Postemployment Benefits, members who first worked on or after July 1, 2008, (MIP-Plus plan members), have a graded premium subsidy based on career length where they accrue credit towards their insurance premiums in retirement, not to exceed the maximum allowable by statute. Public Act 300 of 2012 sets the maximum subsidy at 80% beginning January 1, 2013; 90% for those Medicare eligible and enrolled in the insurances as of that date.

#### Retiree Healthcare Reform of 2012

Public Act 300 of 2012 granted all active members of the Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System, who earned service credit in the 12 months ending September 3, 2012, or were on an approved professional services or military leave of absence on September 3, 2012, a voluntary election regarding their retirement healthcare. Any changes to a member's healthcare benefit are effective as of the member's *transition date*, which is defined as the first day of the pay period that begins on or after February 1, 2013.

Under Public Act 300 of 2012, members were given the choice between continuing the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare and keeping the premium subsidy benefit described above, or choosing not to pay the 3% contribution and instead opting out of the subsidy benefit and becoming a participant in the Personal Healthcare Fund (PHF), a portable, tax-deferred fund that can be used to pay healthcare expenses in retirement. Participants in the PHF are automatically enrolled in a 2% employee contribution into their 457 account as of their transition date, earning them a 2% employer match into a 401(k) account. Members who selected this option stop paying the 3% contribution to retiree healthcare as of the day before their transition date, and their prior contributions will be deposited into their 401(k) accounts.

#### Regular Retirement (no reduction factor for age)

<u>Eligibility</u> – A Basic plan member may retire at age 55 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service. For Member Investment Plan (MIP) members, age 46 with 30 years credited service; or age 60 with 10 years credited service; or age 60 with 5 years of credited service provided member worked through 60<sup>th</sup> birthday and has credited service in each of the last 5 years. For Pension Plus Plan (PPP) members, age 60 with 10 years of credited service.

<u>Annual Amount</u> – The annual pension is paid monthly for the lifetime of a retiree. The calculation of a member's pension is determined by their pension election under PA 300 of 2012.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

#### Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Post Retirement Benefits (Continued)

#### **Member Contributions**

Depending on the plan selected, member contributions range from 0% - 7% for pension and 0% - 3% for other postemployment benefits. Plan members electing the defined contribution plan are not required to make additional contributions.

#### **Employer Contributions**

Employers are required by Public Act 300 of 1980, as amended, to contribute amounts necessary to finance the coverage of members and retiree Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB). Contribution provisions are specified by State statute and may be amended only by action of the State Legislature.

Employer contributions to the System are determined on an actuarial basis using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Under this method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated on a level basis over the service of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The portion of this cost allocated to the current valuation year is called the normal cost. The remainder is called the actuarial accrued liability. Normal cost is funded on a current basis.

Pension and OPEB contributions made in the fiscal year ending September 30, 2019 were determined as of the September 30, 2016 actuarial valuations. The pension and OPEB benefits, the unfunded (overfunded) actuarial accrued liabilities as of September 30, 2016 are amortized over a 20-year period beginning October 1, 2018 and ending September 30, 2038

School districts' contributions are determined based on employee elections. There are several different benefit options included in the plan available to employees based on date of hire. Contribution rates are adjusted annually by the ORS. The range of rates is as follows:

		Other Post- Employment
	Pension	Benefit
October 1, 2018 - September 30, 2019	13.39% - 19.59%	7.57% - 7.93%
October 1, 2019 - September 30, 2020	13.39% - 19.59%	7.57% - 8.09%

The District's pension contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 were equal to the required contribution total. Pension contributions were approximately \$2,639,227, with \$2,571,663 specifically for the Defined Benefit Plan.

The District's OPEB contributions for the year ended June 30, 2020 were equal to the required contribution total. OPEB benefits were approximately 706,773, with \$664,260 specifically for the Defined Benefit Plan.

These amounts, for both pension and OPEB benefit, include contributions funded from state revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) Stabilization Rate (100% for pension and 0% for OPEB).

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

#### Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Post Retirement Benefits (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

#### **Pension Liabilities**

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$31,148,205 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of September 30, 2019, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2018 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2019 and 2018, the District's proportion was 0.09406 and 0.09394 percent.

## Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$4,467,289.

At June 30, 2020, the Reporting Unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred outflows of resources		Deferred inflows of resources	
Difference between actual and expected experience	\$	139,616	\$	129,885
Changes of assumptions		6,098,840		0
Net difference between projected and actual earning on pension plan investments		0		998,247
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		113,417		380,284
Employer contributions and Sec 147c receipts subsequent to the measurement date		2,446,373	-	1,037,697
Totals	\$	8,798,246	\$	2,545,813

The \$2,446,373 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the subsequent year. Deferred inflows from Sec. 147c receipts subsequent to the measurement date in the amount of \$1,037,697 are UAAL Rate Stabilization payments received after the measurement date. This amount will be recognized in the net pension liability in the subsequent year ended. Other

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

#### Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Post Retirement Benefits (Continued)

amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Amount	Year Ending September 30
\$ 1,776,620	2020
\$ 1,579,101	2021
\$ 1,066,292	2022
\$ 421,444	2023

OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

#### **OPEB Liabilities**

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$6,755,795 for its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability. The net OPEB liability was measured as of September 30, 2019, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation date of September 30, 2018 and rolled-forward using generally accepted actuarial procedures. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on a projection of its long-term share of contributions to the OPEB plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating reporting units, actuarially determined. At September 30, 2019, and 2018 the District's proportion was 0.09412 percent and 0.095103 percent.

## OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$182,110.

At June 30, 2020, the Reporting Unit reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred outflows of resources		Deferred inflows of resources	
Difference between actual and expected experience	\$	0	\$	2,478,892
Changes of assumptions		1,463,844		0
Net difference between projected and actual earning on OPEB plan investments		0		117,487
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		95,050		80,192
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	•	607,133	<u> </u>	0
Totals	\$	2,166,027	\$	2,676,571

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

#### Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Post Retirement Benefits (Continued)

The \$607,133 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB resulting from District employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the subsequent fiscal year.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and (deferred inflows) of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ending September 30	Amount
2020	\$ (305,202)
2021	\$ (305,202)
2022	\$ (246,566)
2023	\$ (165,872)
2024	\$ (94,835)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

**Investment rate of return for Pension** – 6.80% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for the MIP, Basic and Pension Plus groups and 6.0% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses for the Pension Plus 2 Plan.

**Investment rate of return for OPEB** - 6.95% a year, compounded annually net of investment and administrative expenses

Salary increases - The rate of pay increase used for individual members is 2.75%.

Inflation – 3.0%

#### Mortality assumptions -

Retirees: RP-2014 Male and Female Healthy Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled by 82% for males and 78% for females and adjusted for morality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Active: RP-2014 Male and Female Employee Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for morality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

Disabled Retirees: RP-2014 Male and Female Disabled Annuitant Mortality Tables scaled 100% and adjusted for mortality improvements using projection scale MP-2017 from 2006.

**Experience study -** The annual actuarial valuation report of the System used for these statements is dated September 30, 2018. Assumption changes as a result of an experience study for the periods 2012 through 2017 have been adopted by the System for use in the annual pension valuations beginning with the September 30, 2017 valuation.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

#### Note 8 – Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Post Retirement Benefits (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension and other postemployment benefit plan investments - The pension rate was 6.80% (MIP, Basic, and Pension Plus Plan) and 6.00% for Pension Plus 2 Plan, and the other postemployment benefit rate was 6.95%, net of investment and administrative expenses was determined using a building block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation

Cost of Living Pension Adjustments - 3.0% annual non-compounded for MIP members

**Healthcare cost trend rate for other postemployment benefit** – 7.5% for year one and graded to 3.5% to year twelve.

Additional assumptions for other postemployment benefit only – Applies to individuals hired before September 4, 2012:

Opt Out Assumption – 21% of eligible participants hired before July 1, 2008 and 30% of those hired after June 30, 2008 are assumed to opt out of the retiree health plan.

Survivor Coverage – 80% of male retirees and 67% of female retirees are assumed to have coverage continuing after the retiree's death

Coverage Election at Retirement – 75% of male and 60% of female future retirees are assumed to elect coverage for 1 or more dependents

The target asset allocation at September 30, 2019 and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Investment Class	Target Allocation	Long Term Expected Real Rate of Return*
Domestic Equity Pools	28.0%	5.5%
Private Equity Pools	18.0%	8.6%
International Equity	16.0%	7.3%
Fixed Income Pools	10.5%	1.2%
Real Estate and Infrastructure Pools	10.0%	4.2%
Absolute Return Pools	15.5%	5.4%
Short Term Investment Pools	2.0%	0.8%
Total	100.00%	

<sup>\*</sup>Long Term rates of return are net of administrative expenses and 2.3% inflation.

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

#### Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Post Retirement Benefits (Continued)

Rate of Return – For fiscal year ended September 30, 2019, the annual money-weighted rate of return on pension and OPEB plan investments, net of pension and OPEB plan investment expense, was 5.14% and 5.37%, respectively. The money-weighted rate of return expresses investment performance, net of investment expense, adjusted for the changing amounts actually invested.

Pension Discount rate - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.8% (6.0% for Pension Plus 2 Plan). This discount rate was based on the long-term rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.80% (6.0% for Pension Plus 2 Plan). The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan members contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that contributions from school districts will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

OPEB Discount rate – The discount rate of 6.95% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. This discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments of 6.95%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that school districts contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

#### Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.80% (MIP, Basic, and Pension Plus) and 6.0% for Pension Plus 2 plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage higher:

	1% Decrease (Non-Hybrid/Hybrid)* 5.8% / 5.8% / 5.0%	Rate Assumption (Non-Hybrid/Hybrid)* 6.8% / 6.8% / 6.0%	1% Increase (Non-Hybrid/Hybrid)* 7.8% / 7.8% / 7.0%
Reporting unit's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 40,494,659	\$ 31,148,205	\$ 23,399,672

Sensitivity of the net OPEB liability to changes in the discount rate -The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.95%, as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease 5.95%	Current Discount Rate 6.95%	1% Increase 7.95%
Reporting unit's proportionate — share of the OPEB liability	\$ 8,286,998	\$ 6,755,795	\$ 5,470,010

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

#### Note 8 - Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Post Retirement Benefits (Continued)

Sensitivity to the net OPEB liability to changes in the healthcare cost trend rates – The following presents the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability calculated using the healthcare cost trend rate of 7.5% (decreasing to 3.5%), as well as what the Reporting Unit's proportionate share of the net other postemployment benefit liability would be if it were calculated using a healthcare cost trend rate that is 1 percentage point lower or 1 percentage point higher than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Current Healthcare Cost	1% Increase
	(6.5% decreasing to	Trend Rate	(8.5% decreasing to
	2.5%)	(7.5% decreasing to 3.5%)	4.5%)
Reporting unit's proportionate share of the OPEB liability	\$ 5,415,499	\$ 6,755,795	\$ 8,286,817

#### Pension and OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension and OPEB's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued Michigan Public School Employees Retirement System 2019 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report.

Payable to the Pension and OPEB Plan - At year end the School District is current on all required pension and other postemployment benefit plan payments. Amounts accrued at year end for accounting purposes are separately stated in the financial statements as a liability titled accrued retirement. These amounts represent current payments for June paid in July, accruals for summer pay primarily for teachers, and the contributions due from state revenue Section 147c restricted to fund the MPSERS Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL).

#### Note 9 - Note Payable

At June 30, 2019, the District had issued a state aid anticipation note payable in the amount of \$158,585 which has an interest rate of 1.75% and matured on August 20, 2019. Proceeds of the note were used to fund school operations. Activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows.

Balance			Balance
June 30, 2019	Additions	Payments	June 30, 2020
158,585	0	150 505	<b>¢</b>
100,000	U	158,585	φ -

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

#### Note 10 - Risk Management

The School District is exposed to various risks of loss related to property loss, torts, errors and omissions, employee injuries (workers' compensation) as well as medical benefits provided to employees. The School District has purchased commercial insurance for all risks. Settled claims relating to the commercial insurance have not exceeded the amount of insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### Note 11 - Contingencies

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District believes such amounts, if any would be immaterial

The School District has experienced some environmental problems due to underground storage tanks. The ultimate costs to clean-up and/or potential liability to adjacent property owners cannot be presently determined, and the amount of liability, if any, cannot be determined at this time.

The School District is involved in lawsuits from time to time. The ultimate outcome of any of these lawsuits cannot be presently determined; and the amount of damages, if any, cannot be determined at this time.

#### Note 12 - Property Tax Abatements

The District is subject to reduced property tax revenues as a result of tax abatements entered into by the local cities, villages, and townships. During the 2019-2020 fiscal year, the District received reduced property taxes due to Industrial Facilities Tax (IFT) exemptions. The IFT exemption(s) is to promote economic growth by the expansion of industrial activity. The tax revenue abated is factored in the calculation when the State of Michigan determines the State Aid for the District. The property taxes abated by jurisdiction are as follows.

Jurisdiction	Type of abatement	Taxes abated
Odessa Township	IFT	\$ 294,561
Total abatements		\$ 294,561

#### Note 13 – Capital Projects

The Capital Projects Fund includes capital project activities funded with bonds issued August 15, 2019. For this capital project, the school district has compiled with the applicable provisions of Sec. 1351a of the Revised School Code. The following is a summary of the revenue and expenditures in the Capital Projects Fund from the inception of the fund through the current fiscal year. The expenditures include bonding cost and construction costs to remodel school facilities.

Revenue: \$ 2,172,589 Expenditures: \$ 2,143,481

Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2020

#### Note 14 - Subsequent Events

The extent of the impact of COVID-19 on our operational and financial performance will depend on certain developments, including the duration and spread of the outbreak, impact on our students, employees and funding sources all of which are uncertain and cannot be predicted. At this point, the extent to which COVID-19 may impact our financial condition and results of operations is uncertain.

#### Note 15 - Upcoming Accounting Pronouncements

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, was issued by the GASB in January 2017 and will be effective for the District's 2021 year end. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities for all state and local governments. The focus on the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. An activity meeting the criteria should be reported in a fiduciary fund in the basic financial statements. Districts with activities meeting the criteria should present a statement of fiduciary net position and a statement of changes in fiduciary net position.

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases, was issued by the GASB in June 2017 and will be effective for the District's 2022 year end. The objective of this Statement is to increase the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use the underlying asset. Under this Statement, a lessee is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities.

## Required Supplemental Information

Required Supplemental Information Budgetary Comparison Schedule-General Fund For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Favorable (Unfavorable)
Revenues				
Local sources	\$ 2,211,836	\$ 2,197,628	\$ 2,002,784	\$ (194,844)
State sources	15,008,166	15,288,443	15,217,745	(70,698)
Federal sources	272,270	295,507	400,560	105,053
Other	333,942	331,005	179,778	(151,227)
Total revenues	17,826,214	18,112,583	17,800,867	(311,716)
Expenditures				
Instruction				
Basic Programs	8,150,018	8,160,393	8,091,979	68,414
Added needs	2,121,910	2,283,840	2,429,083	(145,243)
Support services				
Pupil	659,627	658,493	704,891	(46,398)
Instructional staff	361,555	320,962	296,845	24,117
General administration	751,639	772,538	653,859	118,679
School administration	1,162,847	1,093,706	1,132,403	(38,697)
Business services	356,881	354,347	326,183	28,164
Operations and maintenance	1,820,102	1,710,577	1,646,783	63,794
Transportation	1,493,706	1,852,664	1,888,347	(35,683)
Other support services	401,148	390,484	461,529	(71,045)
Athletics	379,285	345,157	384,414	(39,257)
Other transactions	27,000	27,000	18,001	8,999
Debt Service				
Redemption of bonds/notes	73,100	73,100	73,072	28
Interest and fiscal charges	1,750	1,750	1,686	64
Total expenditures	17,760,568	18,045,011	18,109,075	(64,064)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over expenditures	65,646	67,572	(308,208)	(375,780)
Other financing sources (uses)				
Proceeds from long-term debt	0	335,720	335,720	0
Operating transfers in	45,000	45,000	62,616	17,616
Operating transfers out	0	0	0	0
Total other financing sources (uses)	45,000	380,720	398,336	17,616
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures and other sources (uses)	\$ 110,646	\$ 448,292	90,128	\$ (358,164)
Fund balances at beginning of year			2,899,782	
Fund balances at end of year			\$ 2,989,910	

Required Supplemental Information

Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability
Michigan Public School Employee Retirement Plan
Last 10 Fiscal Years (Determined as of the Plan Year Ended September 30)

		2019		2018		2017		2016				2014
District's proportion of net pension liability (%)		0.09406%		0.09394%		0.09327%		0.09658%				0.10016%
District's proportionate share of net pension liability	↔	\$ 31,148,205	↔	\$ 28,240,012	↔	\$ 24,170,201	€9	\$ 23,870,447	↔	\$ 24,573,717	₩	\$ 22,062,122
District's covered-employee payroll	↔	8,231,997	↔	8,096,128	↔	7,809,723	€	7,909,972	69		₩	8,587,737
District's proportionate share of net pension liability												
as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll												
		378.38%		348.81%		309.49%		301.78%		290.39%		256.90%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total												
pension liability		60.31%		62.36%		64.21%		63.27%		63.17%		66.20%

**Change of benefit terms:** There were no changes of benefit terms during the year **Change of assumptions-** the assumption changes for 2019 were:

Discount rate for MIP and Basic plans decreased to 6.80% from 7.05%

Discount rate for Pension Plus plans decreased to 6.80% from 7.00%

Required Supplemental Information
Schedule of District's Pension Contributions
Michigan Public School Employee Retirement Plan
Last 10 Fiscal Years (Determined as of the Year Ended June 30)

2015	1,881,053	1.881.053	0		\$ 8,710,989		21.59%
	93		s		↔		
2016	\$ 2,119,394	2,119,394	0		\$ 8,075,182		26.25%
2017	\$ 2,218,523	2,218,523	0		\$ 8,068,980		27.49%
2018	\$ 2,335,465	\$ 2,335,465	0		\$ 8,020,694		29.12%
2019	\$ 2,482,205	\$ 2,482,205	0		\$ 8,250,415		30.09%
2020	\$ 2,571,663	\$ 2,571,663	0		\$ 8,372,598		30.72%
	Statutorily required contributions Contributions in relation to statutorily	required contributions	Contribution deficiency (excess)	Reporting unit's covered-employee payroll		Contributions as a percentage of covered-	employee payroll

Required Supplemental Information
Schedule of District's Proportionate Share of the Net OPEB Liability
Michigan Public School Employee Retirement Plan
Last 10 Fiscal Years (Determined as of the Plan Year Ended September 30)

	2019	2018	2017
District's proportion of net OPEB liability (%)	0.09412%	0.09510%	0.09349%
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$ 6,755,795	\$ 7,559,701	\$ 8,279,155
District's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,231,997	\$ 8,096,128	\$ 7,809,723
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability as a percentage of			
its covered-employee payroll	82.07%	93.37%	106.01%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of total OPEB liability	48.46%	42.95%	36.39%

**Changes of benefit terms:** There were no changes of benefit terms during the year **Changes of assumptions** - the assumption changes for 2019 were:

Discount rate decreased to 6.95% from 7.15%

Healthcare cost trend rate increased to 7.50% Year 1 graded to 3.50% Year 12 from 7.50% Year 1 graded to 3.00% Year 12

Required Supplemental Information Schedule of District's OPEB Contributions Michigan Public School Employee Retirement Plan Last 10 Fiscal Years (Determined as of the Year Ended June 30)

	2020	2019		2018
Statutorily required OPEB contributions	\$ 664,260	\$ 643,969	\$	633,315
OPEB contributions in relation to statutorily				
required contributions	\$ 664,260	\$ 643,969	\$	633,315
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 	\$ 	\$	
Reporting unit's covered-employee payroll	\$ 8,372,598	\$ 8,250,415	-\$	8,020,694
OPEB contributions as a percentage of				
covered-employee payroll	7.93%	7.81%		7.90%

## Other Supplemental Information

Other Supplemental Information Combining Balance Sheet Nonmajor Governmental Funds June 30, 2020

	Special Revenue			Other Non-M	ajor Fun	ds		lonmajor vernmental Funds
Assets		Food Service		2012 Debt	Ene	ergy Bond Debt	0	Total
Cash and cash equivalents Due from other funds Inventory	\$	104,582 186,652 9,941	\$	231,799 12,246 0	\$	0 39,680 0	\$	336,381 238,578 9,941
Total assets	\$	301,175	\$	244,045	\$	39,680	\$	584,900
Liabilities								
Accounts Payable	\$	48	\$	0	\$	0	\$	48
Due to other funds		0		16,051		39,680		55,731
Unearned revenue		21,600	-	0		0		21,600
Total liabilities		21,648		16,051		39,680		77,379
Fund Balance								
Non-spendable - Inventory		9,941		0		0		9,941
Restricted		269,586		227,994		0		497,580
Total fund balance		279,527	-	227,994		0		507,521
Total Liabilities and								
Fund Balance	\$	301,175	\$	244,045	\$	39,680	\$	584,900

Other Supplemental Information
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures
and Changes in Fund balances
Nonmajor Governmental Funds
For the year ended June 30, 2020

-		
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0		cıaı

	Re	evenue		Other Nonm	ajor Fund	ds		
		Food Service		2012 Debt		rgy Bond Debt		al Nonmajor overnmental Funds
Revenues			-		•		-	
Local sources								
Property Taxes	\$	0	\$	1,196,253	\$	0	\$	1,196,253
Lunch sales		220,915		0		0		220,915
Interest		517		836		0		1,353
Total Local Sources		221,432		1,197,089		0		1,418,521
Federal and state sources								
State aid		30,789		23,215		0		54,004
Federal aid		563,215		0		0		563,215
Federal commodities		54,691		Ö		0		54,691
rederal commodities		04,001						04,001
Total Federal and								
State Sources		648,695		23,215		0		671,910
Total Revenues		870,127		1,220,304		0		2,090,431
Expenditures								
Salaries & wages		225,198		0		0		225,198
Purchased services		63,653		Ō		0		63,653
Supplies & materials		361,111		Ö		0		361,111
Employee benefits		111,304		0		0		111,304
Other		3,775		0		0		3,775
Debt Service		3,773		U		U		3,773
		0		005 000		0		005 000
Redemption of Serial Bonds		0		995,000				995,000
Interest		0		64,750		39,680		104,430
Other		0		200		0		200
Total Expenditures		765,041		1,059,950		39,680		1,864,671
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		105,086		160,354		(39,680)		225,760
Other financing sources (uses)								
Operating transfers in (out)		(62,616)		0		39,680		(22,936)
Total Other Financing Sources		(62,616)		0		39,680		(22,936)
Francisco (deficience) of management								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures & other						_		
sources (uses)		42,470		160,354		0		202,824
Fund balances at beginning of year		237,057		67,640		0		304,697
Fund balances at end of year	\$	279,527	\$	227,994	\$	0	\$	507,521

Other Supplemental Information Special Revenue Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance- Budget and Actual For the year ended June 30, 2020

	Louis Santon		Foo	od Service		
					\	/ariance
					F	avorable
		Budget		Actual	_ (Ur	ıfavorable)
Revenues						
Local sources						
Children lunch	\$	150,000	\$	95,071	\$	(54,929)
Adult lunch		6,000		3,613		(2,387)
A la carte		115,000		80,280		(34,720)
Other		30,200		41,951		11,751
Interest earnings		850		518		(332)
Total Local Sources		302,050		221,433		(80,617)
Federal and state sources						
State aid-matching funds		25,671		30,789		5,118
Federal aid		370,000		563,215		193,215
Federal commodities		46,500		54,691		8,191
Total Federal and						
State Sources	-	442,171		648,695		206,524
Total Revenues		744,221		870,128		125,907
Expenditures						
Salaries & wages		206,000		225,198		(19,198)
Purchased services		72,370		63,653		8,717
Supplies & materials		313,250		361,111		(47,861)
Employee benefits		108,120		111,304		(3,184)
Other		4,500		3,775		725
Total Expenditures		704,240		765,041		(60,801)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures		39,981		105,087		65,106
Other financing sources (uses)						
Operating transfers in(out)	,	(41,695)		(62,616)		(20,921)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures & other						
sources (uses)	\$	(1,714)		42,471	\$	44,185
Fund balances at beginning of year				237,057		
Fund balances at end of year			\$	279,528		
salances at one of your				210,020		

Other Supplemental Information Agency Funds Statement of Changes in Assets and Liabilities For the year ended June 30, 2020

#### **Student Activity Funds**

	Balance July 01, 2019	Additions	Deductions	Balance June 30, 2020
Assets Cash	\$ 261,553	\$ 407,280	\$ 382,742	\$ 286,091
Total Assets	\$ 261,553	\$ 407,280	\$ 382,742	\$ 286,091
Liabilities Due to Student Groups	\$ 261,553	\$ 407,280	\$ 382,742	\$ 286,091
Total Liabilities	\$ 261,553	\$ 407,280	\$ 382,742	\$ 286,091

Other Supplemental Information Schedule of Bonded Debt 2012 Refunding Bonds June 30, 2020

Maturity date	Interest rate	Principal	Annual interest	 Total debt requirement
5/1/2021 5/1/2022	2.25% 2.50%	\$ 960,000 930,000	\$ 44,850 23,250	\$ 1,004,850 953,250
	Totals	\$ 1,890,000	\$ 68,100	\$ 1,958,100

Purpose - Advance refund the 2001 Refunding bonds due and payable May 1, 2012 through May 1, 2022.

Other Supplemental Information Schedule of Bonded Debt 2015 School Building and Site Bonds June 30, 2020

Maturity	Interest				In	terest			Total debt
date	rate	Prin	cipal	N	lovember 1		May 1		requirement
5/1/2021	5.000%	\$	325,000	\$	564,491	\$	564,491	\$	1,953,982
5/1/2022	5.000%		905,000		543,866		543,866		1,992,732
5/1/2023	5.000%		990,000		521,240		521,240		2,032,480
5/1/2024	5.000%	1,0	055,000		496,491		496,491		2,047,982
5/1/2025	5.000%	1,	115,000		470,115		470,115		2,055,230
5/1/2026	5.000%	1,	185,000		442,240		442,240		2,069,480
5/1/2027	5.000%	1,:	245,000		412,616		412,616		2,070,232
5/1/2028	5.000%	1,3	310,000		381,490		381,490		2,072,980
5/1/2029	5.000%	1,3	375,000		348,741		348,741		2,072,482
5/1/2030	5.000%	1,4	445,000		314,366		314,366		2,073,732
5/1/2031	5.000%	1,	520,000		278,241		278,241		2,076,482
5/1/2032	5.000%	1,	595,000		240,240		240,240		2,075,480
5/1/2033	5.000%	1,6	375,000		200,366		200,366		2,075,732
5/1/2034	5.000%	1,	760,000		158,491		158,491		2,076,982
5/1/2035	5.000%	1,8	350,000		114,491		114,491		2,078,982
5/1/2036	3.625%	1,8	380,000		68,241		68,241		2,016,482
5/1/2037	3.625%	1,8	385,000		34,165		34,165		1,953,330
	Totals	\$ 23,6	515,000	\$	5,589,891	\$	5,589,891	_\$	34,794,782

Purpose - Refund 2007 Bonds

Other Supplemental Information Schedule of Bonded Debt 2019 School Improvement Bonds June 30, 2020

Maturity	Interest				Inte	erest			Total debt
date	rate	 Principal		No	vember 1		May 1	r	equirement
5/1/2021	2.000%	\$ 65,000		\$	27,900	\$	27,900	\$	120,800
5/1/2022	2.000%	75,000			27,250		27,250		129,500
5/1/2023	2.000%	80,000			26,500		26,500		133,000
5/1/2024	2.000%	90,000			25,700		25,700		141,400
5/1/2025	2.000%	95,000			24,800		24,800		144,600
5/1/2026	2.000%	120,000			23,850		23,850		167,700
5/1/2027	3.000%	125,000			22,650		22,650		170,300
5/1/2028	3.000%	135,000			20,775		20,775		176,550
5/1/2029	3.000%	145,000			18,750		18,750		182,500
5/1/2030	3.000%	155,000			16,575		16,575		188,150
5/1/2031	3.000%	165,000			14,250		14,250		193,500
5/1/2032	3.000%	180,000			11,775		11,775		203,550
5/1/2033	3.000%	190,000			9,075		9,075		208,150
5/1/2034	3.000%	200,000			6,225		6,225		212,450
5/1/2035	3.000%	215,000			3,225		3,225		221,450
	Totals	\$ 2,035,000	_	\$	279,300	\$	279,300	\$	2,593,600

Purpose - Energy efficiency and lighting

## Federal Programs

## Steven R. Thompson, CPA LLC

Certified Public Accountant

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Education Lakewood Public Schools

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lakewood Public Schools as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Lakewood Public Schools' basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated October 21, 2020.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Lakewood Public Schools' internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Lakewood Public Schools' internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lakewood Public Schools' internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies, and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, we did identify a certain deficiency in internal control as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as finding 2020-001, that we consider to be a material weakness.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Lakewood Public Schools' financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and guestioned costs as item 2020-001

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rolling CPALLC

Steven R. Thompson, CPA LLC

Certified Public Accountant

Saranac, Michigan October 21, 2020

## Steven R. Thompson, CPA LLC

Certified Public Accountant

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## INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

Board of Education Lakewood Public Schools

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

I have audited Lakewood Public Schools' compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Lakewood Public Schools' major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. Lakewood Public Schools' major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of Lakewood Public Schools' major federal programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* (CFR) Part 200 *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Lakewood Public Schools' compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of Lakewood Public Schools' compliance.

#### Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In my opinion, Lakewood Public Schools, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

#### **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

Management of Lakewood Public Schools is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing my audit of compliance, I considered Lakewood Public Schools' internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Lakewood Public Schools' internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

they CPALLC

Steven R. Thompson, CPA LLC Certified Public Accountant

Saranac, Michigan

October 21, 2020

Lakewood Public Schools Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2020

Adjustments		O O O O	0 0	0	00	0	0	0		0	00	0
Accrued or (Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2020		o o o o	0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0		216,915	00	216,915
Current-Year Federal Revenue Received		\$ 48,998 191,321 252,875 493,194	54,691 0 54,691	547,885	14,650 60,174	74,824	622,709	622,709		0	59,263	55,646
Current-Year Expenditures		\$ 45,737 191,321 252,875 489,933	54,691 0 54,691	544,624	13,108 60,174	73,282	617,906	617,906		216,915	00	216,915
(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures		\$ 246,100 0 0 246,100	0 0	246,100	81,535	81,535	327,635	327,635		0	232,176	488,081
Accrued or (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2019		\$ 3,261 0 0,3,261	000	3,261	1,542	1,542	4,803	4,803		0	59,263	55,646
Approved Grant Award Amount		\$ 291,837 191,321 252,875 736,033	54,691 0 54,691	790,724	94,643	154,817	945,541	945,541		260,004	257,941 255.906	773,851
Federal CFDA Number		10,555			10.553 ^					84.010		
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	U.S. Department of Agriculture Passed through the Michigan Department of Education: Child Nutrition Cluster National School Lunch Program: Lunch	Cash Project number 191960 Project number 201960 Project number 200902 Total Cash	Commodities Entitlement Bonus Total Commodities	Total Lunch	Breakfast Project number 191970 Project number 201970	Total Breakfast	Total Child Nutrition Cluster	Total US Department of Agriculture	U.S. Department of Education Passed through the Michigan Department of Education: Title I, Part A Cluster Title I	Project number 201530-1920	Project number 191530-1819 Project number 181530-1718	Total Title I, Part A Cluster

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# See accompanying notes to financial statements

Adjustments	0	0		0 0	0	0 0	0	0	0
Accrued or (Deferred) Revenue at June 30, 2020	16,200	16,200		79,363	79,363	28,822	28,822	341,300	\$ 341,300
Current-Year Federal Revenue Received	59,260	59,260		128,032	128,032	16,883	16,883	259,821	\$ 882,530
Current-Year Expenditures	75,460	75,460		79,363	79,363	28,822	28,822	400,560	\$ 1,018,466
(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	0	o		128,032	128,032	16,883	16,883	632,996	\$ 960,631
Accrued or (Deferred) Revenue at July 1, 2019	0	0		128,032	128,032	16,883	16,883	200,561	\$ 205,364
Approved Grant Award Amount	75,460	75,460		79,363	229,082	27,396	56,218	1,134,611	\$ 2,080,152
Federal CFDA Number	84.027A			84.367		84.424A			
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program Title	Passed through Ionia County Intermediate School District Special Education Cluster(IDEA) IDEA Project number 200450-1920	Total Special Education Cluster(IDEA)	U.S. Department of Education(non-cluster) Passed through Michigan Department of Education	Title IIA- Improve Teacher Quality Project number 200520-1920 Project number 190520-1819	Total Title IIA	Title IVA-Student Support and Academic Enrichment Project number 190750-1819 Project number 200750-1920	Total Title IVA	Total U.S. Department of Education	Total Federal financial assistance • = Major program

Lakewood Public Schools Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards Year Ended June 30, 2020

#### Lakewood Public Schools Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2020

C. Findings and Questioned Costs - Major Federal Award Programs Audit

None

Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards June 30, 2020

NOTE A:	* Designates a major program.
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- NOTE B: Basis of Presentation The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the grant activity of Lakewood Public Schools under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2020. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of the CFR Part 200 *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance) Because the schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of Lakewood Public Schools, it is not intended to and does not present financial position or changes in net position of Lakewood Public Schools.
- NOTE C: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Expenditures reported on the schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts (if any) shown on the schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.
- NOTE D: The Child Nutrition Cluster (CFDA #10.553 and #10.555) was audited as the major program, representing 60.7% of expenditures. The District did not qualify for low risk auditee status.
- NOTE E: The threshold for distinguishing Type A and Type B programs was \$750,000.
- NOTE F: Management has utilized the Grant Auditors' Report in preparing the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards.
- NOTE G: For purposes of charging indirect costs to federal awards, the District has not elected to use the 10% de minimis cost rate as permitted by §200.414 of the Uniform Guidance
- NOTE H: Federal expenditures are reported as revenue in the following funds in the financial statements

General fund	\$ 400,560
Other nonmajor governmental fund	 617,906
Total per financial statements	\$ 1,018,466

## Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2020

#### A. Summary of Audit Results

- The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Lakewood Public Schools
- 2. A material weakness relating to the audit of the financial statements is reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on internal control over financial reporting and on compliance and other matters on audit of financial statements performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards.
- No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Lakewood Public Schools, which would be required to be reported in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No material or significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal award programs is reported in the Independent Auditor's Report on compliance with requirements applicable to each major program and internal control over compliance in accordance with the CFR Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance).
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the major federal award programs for Lakewood Public Schools expresses an unqualified opinion on all major programs.
- 6. Audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with the Uniform Guidance are reported in Part C of this Schedule. There are no findings for the year ended June 30, 2020.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs include: CFDA #10.553 and #10.555. Total expenditures were \$617,906.
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Types A and B programs was \$750,000.
- 9. Lakewood Public Schools was determined not to be a low-risk auditee.

#### B. Findings--Financial Statement Audit

2020-001 - Budget Compliance Control.

Criteria: State law requires appropriation through a budgetary process before expenditures can be made. Policies and procedures require maintaining a system to record and monitor expenditures throughout the year to ensure all expenditures are within the current budget.

Condition: During our field work we discovered the current budget had not been recorded in the accounting software accurately and expenditures were significantly in excess of the appropriated amounts.

Cause: Lack of due diligence

Effect: As a result of this condition, certain District expenditure functions exceeded appropriated amounts, which is in violation of State law. The lack of accurate budgetary comparison within the accounting system resulted in material budget variances and/or accounting errors that could have been detected in a more timely manner.

Recommendation: Finance Director needs to integrate accurate budget figures into the accounting system to allow for the proper monitoring of expenditures to budgeted amounts.

View of Responsible Officials: The District is in agreement with the need for better internal control over budget and expenditure monitoring.

#### Lakewood Public Schools Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs June 30, 2020

Prior Audit Findings

None



October 21, 2020

Lakewood Public Schools Corrective Action Plan Year Ended June 30, 2020

Lakewood Public Schools respectfully submits the following corrective action plan for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Audit Period: June 30, 2020

District responsible individual(s) to implement this plan: Superintendent/Future Finance Director

The finding from the June 30, 2020 schedule of findings and questioned costs is discussed below. The finding is numbered consistently with the number assigned in the schedule.

Finding: Financial Statement Audit

Finding 2020-001 - Budget Compliance Control

**Recommendation:** Finance Director needs to integrate accurate budget figures into the accounting system to allow for the proper monitoring of expenditures to budgeted amounts.

Planned Corrective Action: At the beginning of the 2020-2021 school year, upon discovery of, consistent with, and in anticipation of the noted finding, the agreement with the Ionia County Intermediate School District to provide business management services was discontinued and the Finance Director was relieved of his responsibility and an interim Director was hired. The District is currently in the process of filling the permanent position with a suitable accounting professional. Budgetary control and expenditure monitoring duties will be emphasized with the new Finance Director.

Planned Completion Date: December 31, 2020

Sincerely,

Dr. Steven-Skalka Superintendent



## Steven R. Thompson, CPA LLC

Certified Public Accountant

356 E. Main Street P.O. Box 60 Saranac, MI 48881 T: 616.642.9467 F: 616.642.6406 www.bhtdepa.com

To the Board of Education Lakewood Public Schools

I have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Lakewood Public Schools for the year ended June 30, 2020. Professional standards require that I provide you with information about my responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of my audit. I have communicated such information in my letter to you dated July 15, 2020. Professional standards also require that I communicate to you the following information related to my audit.

#### Significant Audit Matters

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. The significant accounting policies used by Lakewood Public Schools are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. The application of existing policies was not changed during 2020. I noted no transactions entered into by Lakewood Public Schools during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate(s) affecting the District's financial statements were:

- Net pension liability and the deferred outflows and deferred outflows originating in the retirement plan. The estimates were used in actuarial calculation as described in the Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Post Retirement Benefit footnote disclosure.
- Net OPEB liability and the deferred outflows and deferred inflows originating in the OPEB plan.
   The estimates were used in actuarial calculation as described in the Defined Benefit Pension Plan and Post Retirement Benefit footnote disclosure.
- The useful lives of its capital assets. Useful lives are estimated on the expected length of time during which the asset is able to deliver a given level of service.
- Estimates have been used in the calculation of employee compensated absences

I have evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statement taken as a whole.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Certain financial statement disclosures ae particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. I did not identify any sensitive disclosures.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

I encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing my audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to each opinion unit's financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to my satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. I am pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of my audit.

Management Representations

I have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated October 21, 2020.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to Lakewood Public Schools's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, my professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To my knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

I generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as Lakewood Public Schools's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of my professional relationship and my responses were not a condition to my retention.

#### Other Matters

I applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information (RSI), which are required and supplement the basic financial statements. My procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

I was engaged to report on the other supplementary information, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this supplementary information, I made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to my audit of the financial statements. I compared and reconciled the supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

#### Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the information and use of Board of Education and management of Lakewood Public Schools and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Steven R. Thompson, CPA LLC Certified Public Accountant

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Saranac, Michigan October 21, 2020